

NOTICE OF CREDITABLE COVERAGE PLAN YEAR 2020

This notice applies to you if you are both:

- entitled to Medicare Part A and/or enrolled in Medicare Part B and
- enrolled in Texas Employees Group Benefits Program health insurance.

Important notice from the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) about your Texas Employees Group Benefits Program (GBP) prescription drug coverage and Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (sometimes called Part D).

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. No action is required of you at this time.

Federal law requires ERS to send this notice to people who may be eligible for Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage and are enrolled in health insurance that is part of the GBP provided by the State of Texas. You have GBP prescription drug coverage through your GBP enrollment with HealthSelectSM of Texas, administered by UnitedHealthcare, or one of the other health plans offered by the state.

This notice provides:

- important information about your current prescription drug coverage,
- answers that will assist you in deciding whether you should purchase Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage,
- contact numbers for more information and
- a document that you can use later to avoid a penalty for late enrollment in Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage.

Q. What is Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (sometimes called Part D)?

A. Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage is a prescription program that is available to people who qualify for Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage started on January 1, 2006.

Q. What is creditable coverage and does GBP coverage meet this definition?

A. The prescription drug coverage offered by the GBP has been examined by ERS' consulting actuaries and is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage pays. The GBP is therefore considered to be creditable coverage.

Q. Why is creditable coverage important to Medicare-eligible participants in the GBP?

A. Because you have creditable coverage under the GBP, the Social Security Administration (SSA) has said that you will not have to pay a penalty if you join a private Medicare prescription drug plan later. Each year, there is an enrollment period that allows people with Medicare to enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage. Although you will have a chance to enroll every year, normally you would have to pay a penalty if you enrolled after your initial eligibility date. However, because you have creditable coverage under the GBP, you can choose to join a private Medicare prescription drug plan later without a penalty.

Q. Should I enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage?

A. Most Medicare-eligible participants in the GBP should NOT enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage because, for most people, the GBP prescription drug coverage will provide better benefits at a lower cost. If you qualify for financial assistance, you could benefit from private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage and you would get savings on premiums, copays and coinsurance.

Q. How do I know if I qualify for financial assistance with private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage?

A. Financial assistance is available to Medicare beneficiaries with incomes up to 150% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) and limited resources. The FPL is set each year. ERS does not make this determination or set the guidelines. To determine if you qualify for financial assistance with private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage, you should contact the SSA toll-free at (800) 772-1213. TTY users should call toll-free at (800) 325-0778. Or visit SSA online at www.socialsecurity.gov.

Q. Is private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage free?

A. No. If you enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage, you will pay a monthly premium. The amount will likely increase each year. You will also have to pay the private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage deductibles and copays. Currently, the deductible may be as high as \$415, and will increase to \$435 in 2020.

Q. How does private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage work?

A. Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage is offered through private prescription drug plans that have been approved by Medicare. All private Medicare prescription drug plans offer a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans might also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium. If you enroll in a private Medicare prescription drug plan, you will receive a prescription drug card that you will present to your pharmacy to cover a portion of your prescription drug costs.

Q. Will private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage have any effect on my medical plan under the GBP?

A. Yes, if the private Medicare Prescription Drug plan also includes Medicare Advantage medical coverage. Medicare rules do not allow you to be enrolled in a GBP Medicare Advantage plan (HealthSelectSM Medicare Advantage, or KelseyCare Advantage MA HMO) and a private Medicare Prescription Drug plan that includes Medicare Advantage medical coverage at the same time. If you enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage and it has a Medicare Advantage medical plan included, your medical coverage with the GBP Medicare Advantage plan will be terminated and you will be automatically enrolled in your previous non-Medicare Advantage plan under the GBP. If you are enrolled in a non-Medicare GBP medical plan, there is no change to your medical coverage.

If you enroll in ERS' HealthSelect Medicare Advantage or KelseyCare Advantage MA HMO, and do not decline ERS' HealthSelect Medicare RX prescription drug coverage, your private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage will be terminated.

Q. Will private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage have any effect on HealthSelect Medicare Rx?

A. Yes. Medicare rules do not allow you to be in two different Medicare prescription plans at the same time. If you enroll in a private Medicare prescription plan you will no longer be eligible for the HealthSelectSM Medicare Rx plan and will lose all prescription coverage through ERS.

Q. Most GBP participants were encouraged not to enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage last year. What about future years?

A. You do not need to sign up for private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage for the coming plan year. However, you should know that if you drop or lose your coverage under the GBP and do not enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage within 63 days after your current GBP coverage ends, you may be required to pay more to enroll in private Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage later.

Q. Where can I get more information?

A. More detailed information about private Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is available in the *Medicare & You* handbook. You may have received a copy of the handbook in the mail from Medicare. The handbook is also available at the website below. You may also be contacted directly by approved, private Medicare prescription drug plans. To get more information about private Medicare prescription drug plans:

- Visit www.medicare.gov for personalized help.
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program. (See your copy of the *Medicare & You* handbook for their telephone number.)
- Call toll-free at (800) MEDICARE (800) 633-4227. TTY users should call (877) 486-2048.

NOTE: *You may receive this notice at other times in the future, such as before the next period you can enroll in Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage or if this coverage changes. You may also request a copy of this notice by calling ERS toll-free at (877) 275-4377.*

Keep this notice. If you enroll in one of the Medicare-approved prescription drug plans at a later date, you may need to submit a copy of this notice when you join to show that you are not required to pay a higher premium amount.

CONTINUATION COVERAGE NOTIFICATION (COBRA)

This notice has important information about your right to continue your health coverage in the Texas Employees Group Benefits Program (GBP), as well as other health coverage options that may be available to you, including coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace at www.HealthCare.gov or 1-800-318-2596. You may be able to get coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace that costs less than COBRA continuation coverage.

On April 7, 1986, a federal law was enacted (Public Law 99-272, commonly called "COBRA"). This law requires the State of Texas to offer employees and dependents covered under the GBP the opportunity to temporarily extend their health and/or dental coverage at the group rates. Continuation coverage is available only when certain qualifying events cause coverage under the GBP to end. Coverage under COBRA is limited to the health and/or dental coverage in effect at the time of the qualifying event.

Note: If eligible for optional coverage as a retiree, this document is only applicable to health.

WHO MAY CONTINUE COVERAGE

If you are an employee covered under the GBP, you and/or your covered dependents have the right to elect up to 18 months of continuation coverage if your GBP coverage ended due to:

- Termination of employment for reasons other than gross misconduct (including retirement with less than 10 years of service credit with the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS), Teacher Retirement System (TRS) of Texas or an Optional Retirement Program (ORP)
- Loss of GBP eligibility due to expiration of coverage following leave without pay
- Loss of GBP eligibility due to reduction of hours

If you are a dependent covered by an employee under the GBP, you have the right to elect up to 36 months of continuation coverage if your GBP coverage ended due to loss of dependent status, including such qualifying events as:

- Death of the employee
- Divorce of the employee and covered spouse
- A dependent child who attains age 26

If you are a former employee's dependent continuing GBP coverage under COBRA as a result of the former employee's termination of employment, expiration of coverage following leave without pay, or loss of GBP eligibility due to reduction of hours, you have the right to extend your coverage for a total continuation period of up to 36 months if a secondary qualifying event occurs and you lose dependent status under the rules of the GBP provided you were covered as a dependent at the time of the initial qualifying event. A COBRA participant's newborn child or newly adopted child acquired on or after the initial qualifying event who is added to the existing COBRA coverage will also have a right to extend their coverage. Secondary qualifying events which occur during the initial 18 months of continuation coverage that entitles covered dependents to the additional continuation period are:

- Death of the former employee
- Divorce of the former employee and covered spouse
- A dependent child who attains age 26
- The former employee begins receiving Medicare benefits.

ELECTION PERIOD

For employees and dependents eligible for continuation coverage

ERS will provide you with a COBRA Election Form and COBRA Notification following the termination of your coverage. You and/or your dependents must formally elect continuation coverage on the form provided and submit the appropriate premium payment within 105 days of the date coverage terminated or the date of notice, whichever is later. Failure to do so will result in the forfeiture of your continuation coverage. Each covered participant has the right to elect continuation coverage independently. **You and your dependents will not have coverage after the date coverage terminated until you formally elect continuation coverage and pay all premiums due retroactive to the first day of the month following the date coverage terminated.**

For dependents whose coverage terminates due to loss of dependent status

The member or the covered dependent has the responsibility to notify one of the following of a divorce or when a covered dependent loses dependent status. Notification must occur within 60 days of the qualifying event date.

- Active employee - your agency or institution Benefits Coordinator
- Retiree or current COBRA participant - the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS)

Upon notification, ERS will provide a form for the dependent to complete and forward to ERS with the appropriate premium within 105 days of the date of notice on the form or the date coverage terminated, whichever is later. If the Benefits Coordinator or ERS is not notified within 60 days, continuation coverage will be forfeited.

Adding newly acquired dependents during the election period

Newly acquired dependents may be added to the COBRA continuation coverage provided ERS is notified in writing within 30 days of the date the individual first became an eligible dependent. This rule also applies during the 105-day election period. Example: An employee terminated employment on July 20 and acquired an eligible dependent on August 5. To add the new dependent to the COBRA continuation coverage, the request must be postmarked on or before September 4 even though the 30-day notification deadline occurs before the end of the 105-day election period.

COST OF COVERAGE

Persons electing COBRA continuation coverage must pay the full premium plus an additional 2% administrative fee. The first premium payment is due within 105 days from the date of the COBRA qualifying event or the date of notice, whichever is later. If you will receive an annuity from ERS, your monthly premium will be automatically deducted from your monthly annuity payment. To ensure that no break in coverage occurs, the first premium payment must include all premiums due retroactive to the first day of the month following the date coverage terminated. Subsequent monthly payments are due on the first of each coverage month and must be postmarked by the U. S. Postal Service within 30 days of the due date. If your payment is late, your coverage will be automatically cancelled retroactive to the last day of the month in which a full payment was received and was not considered late.

LENGTH OF CONTINUATION COVERAGE

Your COBRA continuation coverage may be cancelled for any of the following reasons:

- The required premium for your COBRA continuation coverage is not received within the required time period, regardless of the circumstances.
- You enroll in another group health plan on or after the COBRA effective date. If you enroll in another group health plan, your COBRA coverage will end when the new group health plan covers you.
- You begin receiving Medicare benefits on or after the COBRA effective date.
- The GBP ceases to provide coverage to any employee/retiree.
- You extend coverage due to a disability and the Social Security Administration (SSA) makes a final determination that the disability no longer exists.
- You submit a written request to cancel coverage. Cancellations will be made effective the last day of the month in which the U. S. Postal Service postmarks your request. Therefore, you must make the full premium payment for the month in which you are mailing the cancellation request.

IMPORTANT: Once a member requests to cancel, COBRA coverage cannot be reinstated.

Special provision for covered individuals who are determined to be disabled by the SSA

An 18-month COBRA continuation coverage period may be extended to a possible maximum of 29 months if a qualified beneficiary is determined to be disabled under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act at any time prior to or during the first 60 days of COBRA continuation coverage. The disabled individual may be any qualified beneficiary whose coverage was continued under COBRA due to termination of employment, expiration of coverage following leave without pay, or due to reduction of hours. To be eligible for the extension, ERS must be notified by submitting a copy of the SSA Notice of Award letter during the initial 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage. Coverage will be extended for an additional 11 months or until Medicare entitlement begins, whichever occurs first. The premium for the additional months of coverage will be equal to 150% of the current cost of coverage in the GBP. A covered individual who may be eligible for the coverage extension period due to a disability must contact the local SSA office to begin the determination process.

Information for Participants Continuing Their Coverage

We have prepared some of the most commonly asked questions regarding COBRA continuation coverage. These are general questions only. For more specific information, please contact the Customer Benefits Division of the Employees Retirement System (ERS) toll-free at (877) 275-4377. Our mailing address is P. O. Box 13207, Austin, Texas 78711-3207.

What is COBRA?

COBRA is an acronym for "Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985." COBRA requires employers to offer continuation of group health and/or dental benefits for a specified time to individuals who would otherwise lose coverage due to certain qualifying events.

What is a Qualified Beneficiary?

An individual who is entitled to COBRA continuation coverage due to being covered under a group health and/or dental plan on the day the qualifying event causes loss of coverage (e.g., termination of employment, divorce from the covered employee, etc.). This also includes a COBRA participant's newborn child or newly adopted child who is added to the coverage on or after the initial qualifying event.

Are there other coverage options besides COBRA coverage?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other more affordable coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period". Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

You should compare your other coverage options with COBRA continuation coverage and choose the coverage that is best for you. For example, if you move to other coverage you may pay more out of pocket than you would under COBRA because the new coverage may impose a new deductible.

When you lose job-based health coverage, it is important that you choose carefully between COBRA continuation coverage and other coverage options, because once you've made your choice, it can be difficult or impossible to switch to another coverage option.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. In the Marketplace, you could be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premiums and cost-sharing reductions (amounts that lower your out-of-pocket costs for deductibles, coinsurance and copayments) right away, and you can see what your premium, deductibles, and out-of-pocket costs will be before you make a decision to enroll. Through the Marketplace, you'll also learn if you qualify for free or low-cost coverage from Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). You can access the Marketplace for your state at www.HealthCare.gov.

Coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. Being offered COBRA continuation coverage won't limit your eligibility for coverage or for a tax credit through the Marketplace.

When can I enroll in Marketplace coverage?

You always have 60 days from the time you lose your job-based coverage to enroll in the Marketplace. Losing your job-based coverage is a "special enrollment" event. After 60 days, your special enrollment period will end and you may not be able to enroll, so you should take action right away. In addition, during what is called "open enrollment" period, anyone can enroll in Marketplace coverage.

To find out more about enrolling in the Marketplace, such as when the next open enrollment period will be and what you need to know about qualifying events and special enrollment periods, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Can I switch back and forth between COBRA continuation coverage and the Marketplace?

If you sign up for COBRA continuation coverage, you can switch to a Marketplace plan during a Marketplace open enrollment period. You can also end your COBRA continuation coverage early and switch to Marketplace plan if you have another qualifying event like a marriage or birth of a child through something called a special enrollment period. If you terminate your COBRA continuation coverage early without a qualifying event, you'll have to wait to enroll in Marketplace coverage during the next open enrollment period, and could end up without any health coverage in the interim.

Once you've exhausted your COBRA continuation coverage and the coverage expires, you'll be eligible to enroll in Marketplace coverage through a special enrollment period, even if Marketplace open enrollment has ended.

If you sign up for Marketplace coverage instead of COBRA continuation coverage, you cannot switch to COBRA continuation coverage under any circumstances.

How long can a Qualified Beneficiary keep COBRA coverage?

If a qualifying event is due to termination of employment, loss of coverage following leave without pay or reduction in hours, a qualified beneficiary is entitled to a maximum of 18 months of continuation coverage. All other qualifying events entitle a qualified beneficiary up to 36 months of coverage. An 18-month continuation period may be extended to 36 months if a secondary qualifying event occurs during the initial 18-month continuation coverage period (e.g., divorce, death or loss of dependent status). A qualified beneficiary is never entitled to more than 36 months of continuation coverage.

How long can a disabled individual remain on COBRA?

A qualified beneficiary who is determined to be disabled by the SSA under Title II or XVI before or at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA coverage may be eligible to extend coverage from 18 to a possible maximum of 29 months. ERS must receive a copy of the SSA Notice of Award letter prior to the end of the original 18-month continuation coverage period.

How much are the premiums?

Premiums for 18-month and 36-month qualifying events are calculated at 102% of the current group rate. The premium for disability participants who extend their coverage beyond the initial 18 months of coverage will be calculated at 150% of the current group rate. Premiums are recalculated every year; if the rates change, the new plan year premium amount will be effective beginning September 1. You will be sent a new payment notice for the new plan year, before September 1. Premium amounts for other levels of coverage may be obtained by contacting ERS or visiting ERS website at www.ers.state.tx.us.

When are the premiums due?

The initial COBRA premium payment will be due within 105 days of the date coverage terminated or the date of notice whichever is later. If you will receive an annuity from ERS, your monthly premium will be automatically deducted from your monthly annuity payment. Subsequent premiums are due on the first day of the coverage month. Your monthly premium payment must be postmarked within thirty (30) days of the due date or coverage will be automatically cancelled retroactive to the last day of the month in which a full premium payment was received and was not considered delinquent. For example, your June premium payment is due on June 1, and will be considered late if it is postmarked after June 30. If the June premium payment is late, coverage would be terminated May 31.

Will ERS notify me if a premium payment is not received?

It is the participant's responsibility to determine if a premium payment is due. If your coverage is cancelled, you will be notified at that time.

For what reasons can COBRA continuation coverage be cancelled by ERS?

COBRA continuation coverage may be cancelled prior to the end of the continuation coverage expiration date if:

- A timely premium payment is not received.
- The GBP ceases to provide coverage to any employee/retiree.
- The participant becomes covered under another group health and/or dental plan on or after the COBRA effective date. COBRA continuation coverage will end when the new group health plan coverage begins.
- The participant begins receiving Medicare benefits on or after the COBRA effective date.
- The participant extends coverage due to a disability and later begins receiving Medicare benefits or the SSA makes a final determination that the disability no longer exists.
- A written request is received from the participant requesting cancellation of coverage. Coverage cancellations will be made effective the last day of the month in which the U. S. Postal Service postmarks the request. A full premium payment must be submitted for the month in which a request for cancellation is submitted.

IMPORTANT: Once a member requests to cancel, COBRA coverage cannot be reinstated.

What if I become covered under another group health plan or begin receiving Medicare benefits?

You are responsible for notifying the ERS in writing when you enroll in another group health and/or dental plan or begin receiving Medicare benefits. The right to continue COBRA coverage terminates when an individual becomes covered on or after the COBRA effective date by another group health plan OR if you begin receiving Medicare benefits. Your COBRA continuation coverage will be cancelled retroactive to the last day of the month prior to the month in which you first became covered under the other group health and/or dental plan or began receiving Medicare benefits.

What if I return to employment with a GBP participating agency or higher education institution?

If you return to employment with a GBP participating agency or higher education institution while your COBRA continuation coverage is in effect, your COBRA continuation coverage will extend through the end of your rehire month. The full COBRA premium for the month during which you became covered as an active employee, or as a dependent of an active employee, will be due. This will not result in a break in coverage. However, if the full premium is not received, COBRA continuation coverage will be retroactively cancelled and you will be subject to the 60-day waiting period.

May I change my health and/or dental carrier or make changes to my COBRA continuation coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage will continue with your current health and/or dental carrier. If you are enrolled in a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and move out of the service area where there is no other HMO available, you will be automatically enrolled in HealthSelect. You may decrease your level of coverage by submitting a written request to ERS. The decrease in coverage will be effective the first day of the month following the postmarked date of your request. Newly acquired dependents may be added if you notify ERS in writing within thirty (30) days of the qualifying life event. (For example, if you were married on July 1, to add your new spouse, your request must be postmarked on or before July 31). Other eligible dependents may be added and eligible changes may be made during the Annual Enrollment Period.

Can COBRA continuation coverage be converted to an individual policy?

COBRA continuation coverage may be converted to an individual policy if you apply for conversion within thirty (30) days after the date your COBRA continuation coverage expires or is cancelled, provided your premium payments are current. We will notify you forty-five (45) days before the expiration date. Please contact your health and/or dental carrier for specific information about conversion.

Questions about COBRA continuation coverage should be directed to the Customer Benefits Division of the Employees Retirement System toll free at, 877-275-4377.

